

Examining Participation and Outcomes Among Middle School Students in a Virtual Camp on Coding with Music



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June. 2024

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"Code Beats"



Computing Coupled with Music

- ✓ Attracting and exposing children at an early age to computing is crucial to forming opinions and ideas; Can also lead to future decisions to pursue computing (Petrie, 2022)
- ✓ Teaching programming through artistic endeavors is a promising approach to broadening participation in computing (Freeman et al., 2014; Lusa Krug et al., 2021)
- ✓ Music shares similarities with programming, including notation and CS concepts, such as repetition (Bell & Bell, 2018)




Code Beats – Scenarios


Go to www.menti.com and use the code 3587 9996

MELODY

- Sequence of pitches (MIDI numbers)
- Moves up or down
- Often the main focus on the song
- Order matters!



```
1 C = 48
2 Eb = 51
3 E = 52
4 G = 55
5
6 C_Major = [C, E, G]
7 C_Minor = [C, Eb, G]
8
9 playNote |
10
11 ***
12 # C Major
13 playNote(C, beats = 0, sustain = 1)
14 playNote(E, beats = 0, sustain = 1)
15 playNote(G, beats = 1, sustain = 1)
16
17 # C Minor
18 playNote(C, beats = 0, sustain = 1)
```



1: Live streaming

2: Live performing

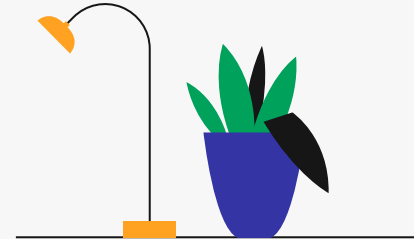
3: Live coding

4: Beats contest

Research Questions

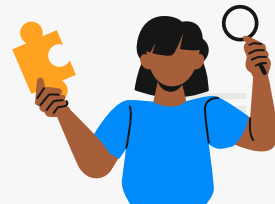


- ❑ How did the participants' prior experiences with coding and music motivate participation in the camp?
- ❑ In what ways did participants engage with summer camp activities?
- ❑ How has participation in Code Beats influenced participants' attitudes towards programming?



Participants

Camps	Number	Age	Gender	Race
A (morning)	N = 82	11.7 (min: 9 - max: 14)	43.8% female 50.7% male 5.5% prefer not to say	35.6% White 28.8% African-American 19.2% Asian 6.8% Multi, not Hispanic 2.7% Hispanic 2.7% Other 4.1% Prefer not to say
B (afternoon)	N = 50	11.9 (min:7 - max:15)	34% female 64% male 2% prefer not to say	32.0% White 24.0% African-American 14.0% Asian 6.0% Multi, not Hispanic 8.0% Hispanic 10.0% Other 6.0% Prefer not to say



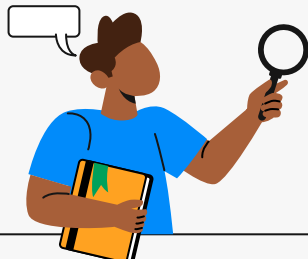
Data Collection

Data	Size	Measurements
Pre-post survey	163 pre; 81 post; 73 pre-post	6 items on demographic 7 items on background and interests 26 items related to <ol style="list-style-type: none">confidence, interests, and sense of belonging in computingattitudes towards gender equity in computingfuture intentions to engage in computing
Focus group	85 invitation; 48 attended	11 questions: <ol style="list-style-type: none">reasons for attending the campprior experiences with music and/or codinginteractions with camp staff and peersexperience in the camp and the music used within itwhat they liked most about Code Beatsanything that surprised or they felt proud ofsuggestions for improvement



Data Analysis

Data	Method	Measurements
Pre-post survey	Quantitative	Descriptive statistics T-test (α of 0.05) Two-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) Post-hoc test Tukey's test
Focus group	Qualitative (Saldaña, 2021)	First, clean and organize data into a matrix Second, review and code themes Finally, quantify themes to determine percentage



Findings - Prior Experiences and Motivation



Prior experience	N	%
	(37)	(100%)
Prior music experience by taking lessons, participating in orchestra, etc.	34	91.9%
Prior coding experience through structured classes, camps, or projects	29	78.4%

Reason for Attending	N	%
	(163)	(100%)
My parent or guardian recommended it	114	69.9%
I am interested in computing	84	51.5%
I am interested in music	72	44.2%
The camp sounded fun	60	36.8%
I am interested in performing	30	18.4%
An adult at school recommended it	5	3.1%
My friends at school were doing it	3	1.8%
Other reasons	14	8.6%

Findings - Engagement



Attended classes	Live sessions		Help sessions	
	N	%	N	%
0-2	6	7.4	73	90.1
3-5	2	2.5	2	2.5
6-8	10	12.3	1	1.2
9-10	63	77.8	5	6.2

Live and help sessions
attended

Amount of independent work time daily	N	%
Almost none	5	6.2
Less than 15 mins	16	19.8
15-30 mins	36	44.4
30-45 mins	10	12.3
45-60 mins	5	6.2
More than 60 mins	9	11.1

Self-reported after-class time spent daily

Findings - Attitudes



Category	Pre-test Mean	Post-test Mean	t	p
Computing confidence	3.48	3.80	-1.82	0.07
Computer enjoyment	4.41	4.41	-0.05	0.96
Perceived usefulness	4.51	4.46	0.43	0.66
Motivation to succeed	3.72	3.85	-0.88	0.37
Identity and belonging	3.61	3.80	-0.49	0.23
Intent to persist	3.43	3.52	-0.41	0.69
Gender equity	4.78	4.75	0.21	0.84

Findings do **NOT** indicate any **significant changes** in **attitudes** after the program. Only the computing confidence category shows a marginal effect with a moderately substantial difference with a p-value below 0.10 and close to 0.05.



Findings - Attitudes from Qualitative

- ✓ **Meaningful** from coding with beats

"I thought it was really cool getting a problem and it would be hard to solve it. And then after a little bit of struggling, you finally accomplished it. You...feel really good.."

- ✓ **Satisfied** learning new skills

"I definitely feel like I learned a lot about coding with TunePad, and I definitely think I'll use it in the future cause it's fun."

- ✓ **Enjoy** sharing work with others

"I like showing the beats that I just made for fun to my friends... I would let them listen, like the one I entered into the competition. They helped me name it."

- ✓ **Future plans** in computing

"I'm taking computer science for seventh grade."



Discussion – Motivation

- **Parents and guardians** played an important role in motivating participation in the camp (Crowley & Jacobs, 2002)
- **Prior experiences** with either music or coding also played a role in student motivation to attend (Witherspoon et al., 2016)



Discussion – Engagement

- The **majority** of participants attended **all live sessions** and spent at least **15-45 minutes** completing independent work
- However, most participants did **NOT** attend the individual help sessions
 - Students may have perceived these sessions as necessary only if they required support
 - Given the informal nature of the camp there was no accountability



Discussion – Attitudes

- ▣ **Mixed results** in attitudes shifts towards computing
 - **Equal** development between genders **except** in identity and belonging where males scored higher
 - Students entered the camp with strong attitudes towards enjoyment and perceived usefulness, **leaving little room** for growth
 - **Online delivery** of the camp may have impacted outcomes



Future Work



- Teachers' involvement
 - Classroom integration
- Analyze coding process data to understand engagement
 - Logs, videos, etc.
- Understand how prior experiences influence engagement and changes on attitudes
 - Music preferences
 - Experience with coding/music



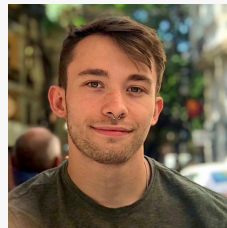
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NSF Grants #2048793 and #2048792

